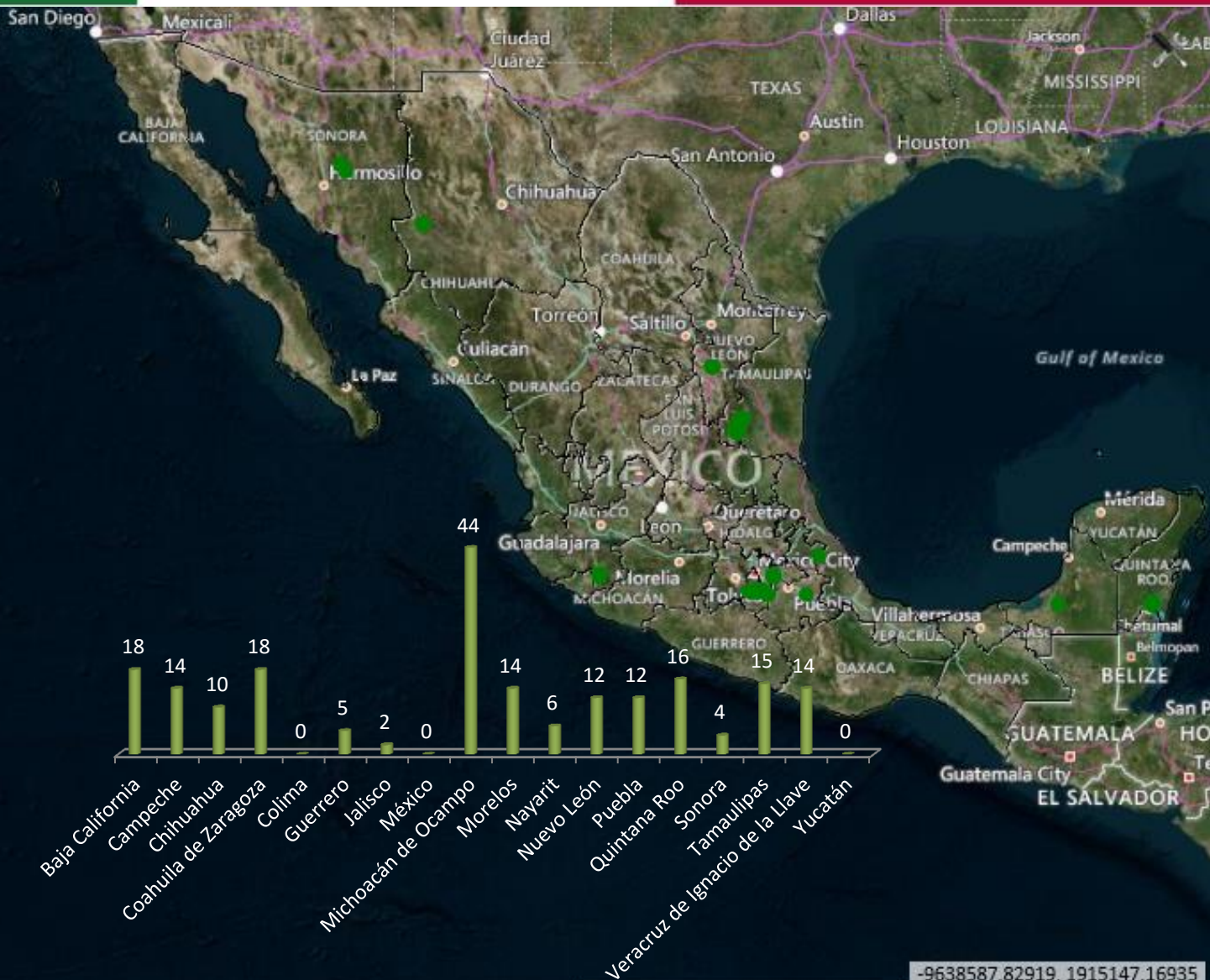
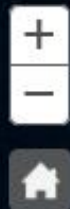


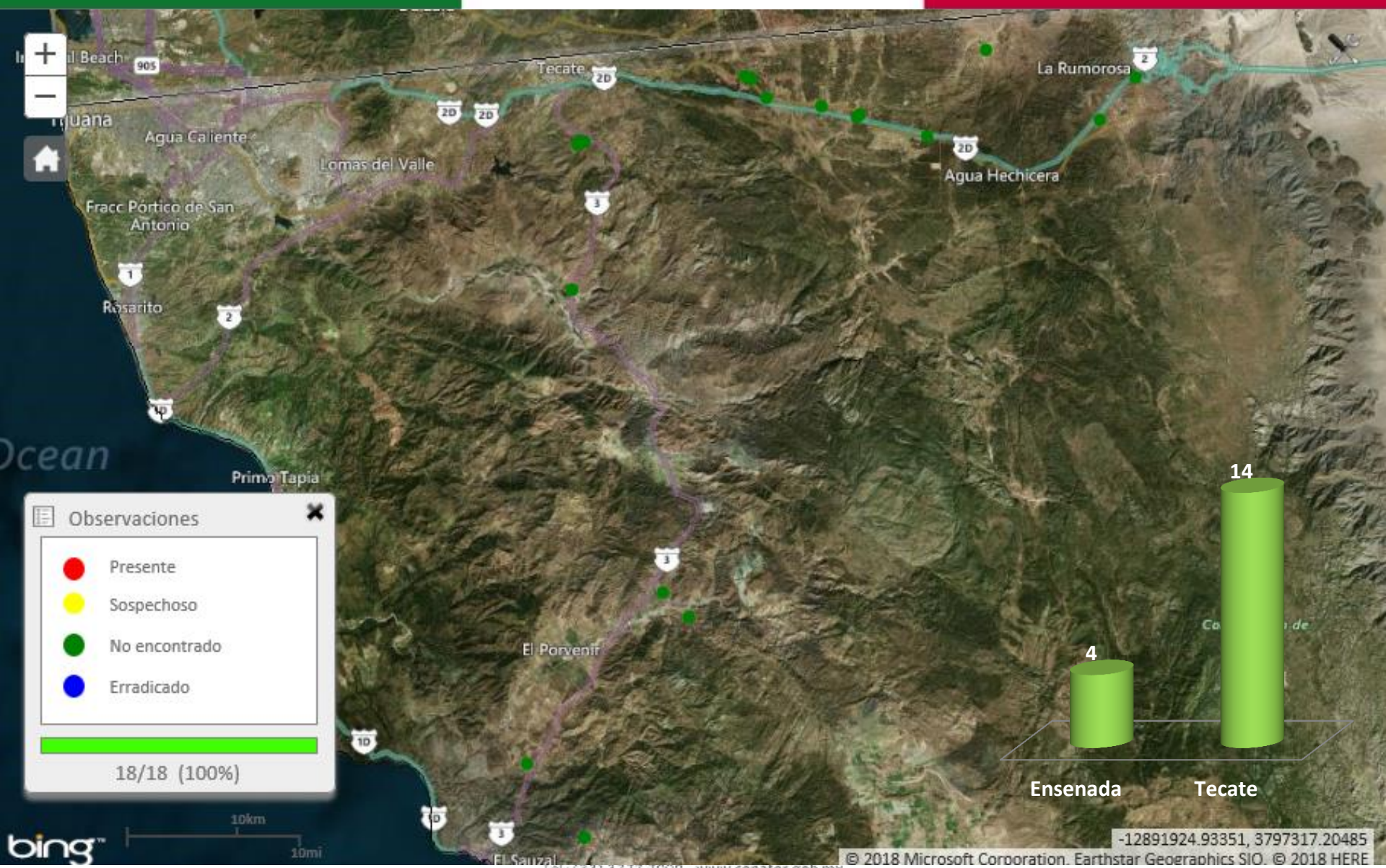
Baja California, Campeche, Chihuahua, Coahuila, Colima, Guerrero, Jalisco, México, Michoacán, Morelos, Nayarit, Nuevo León, Puebla, Quintana Roo, Sonora, Tamaulipas, Veracruz y Yucatán.



Observaciones ✕

- Presente
- Sospechoso
- No encontrado
- Erradicado

87/87 (100%)



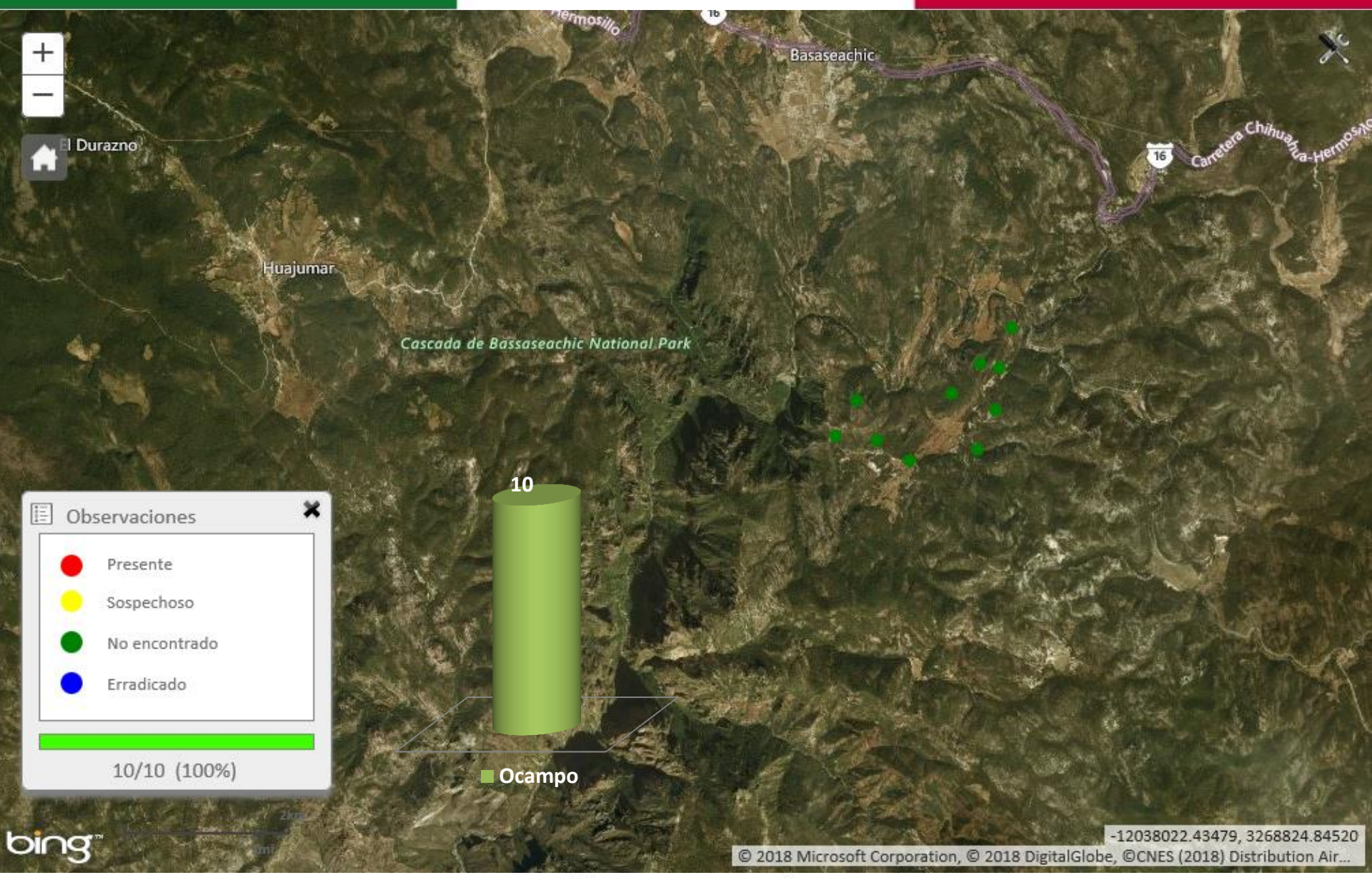


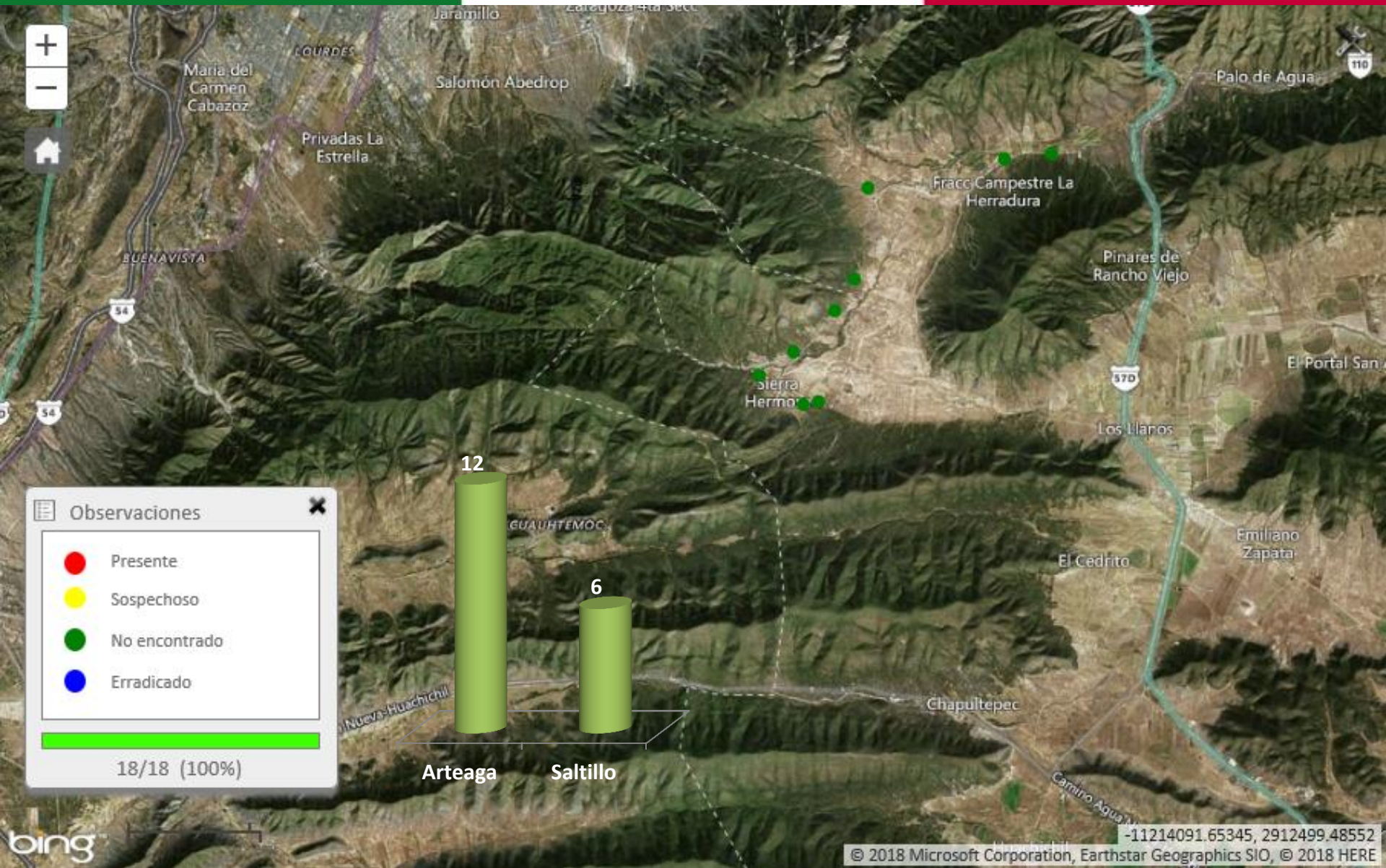
Observaciones

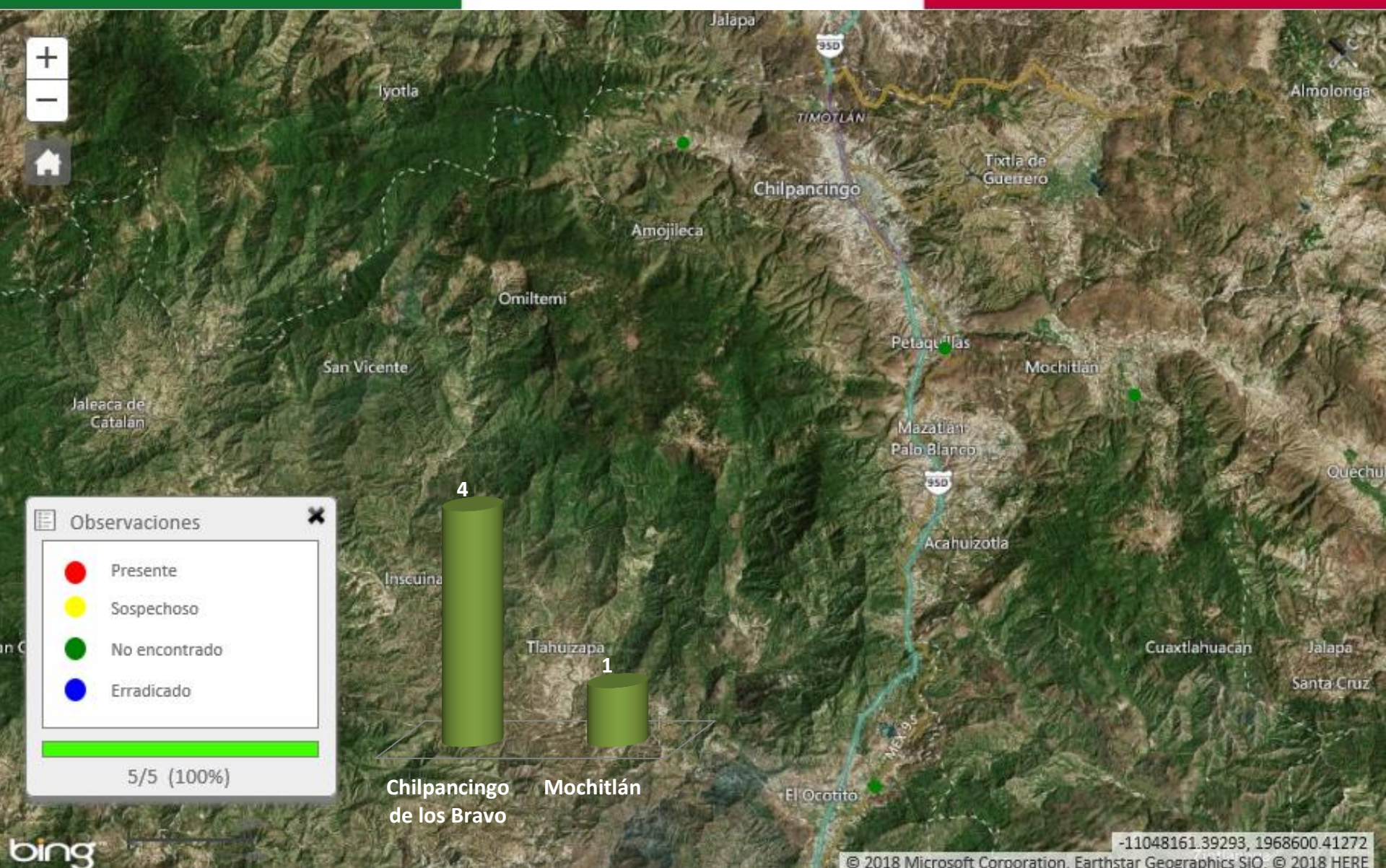
- Presente
- Sospechoso
- No encontrado
- Erradicado

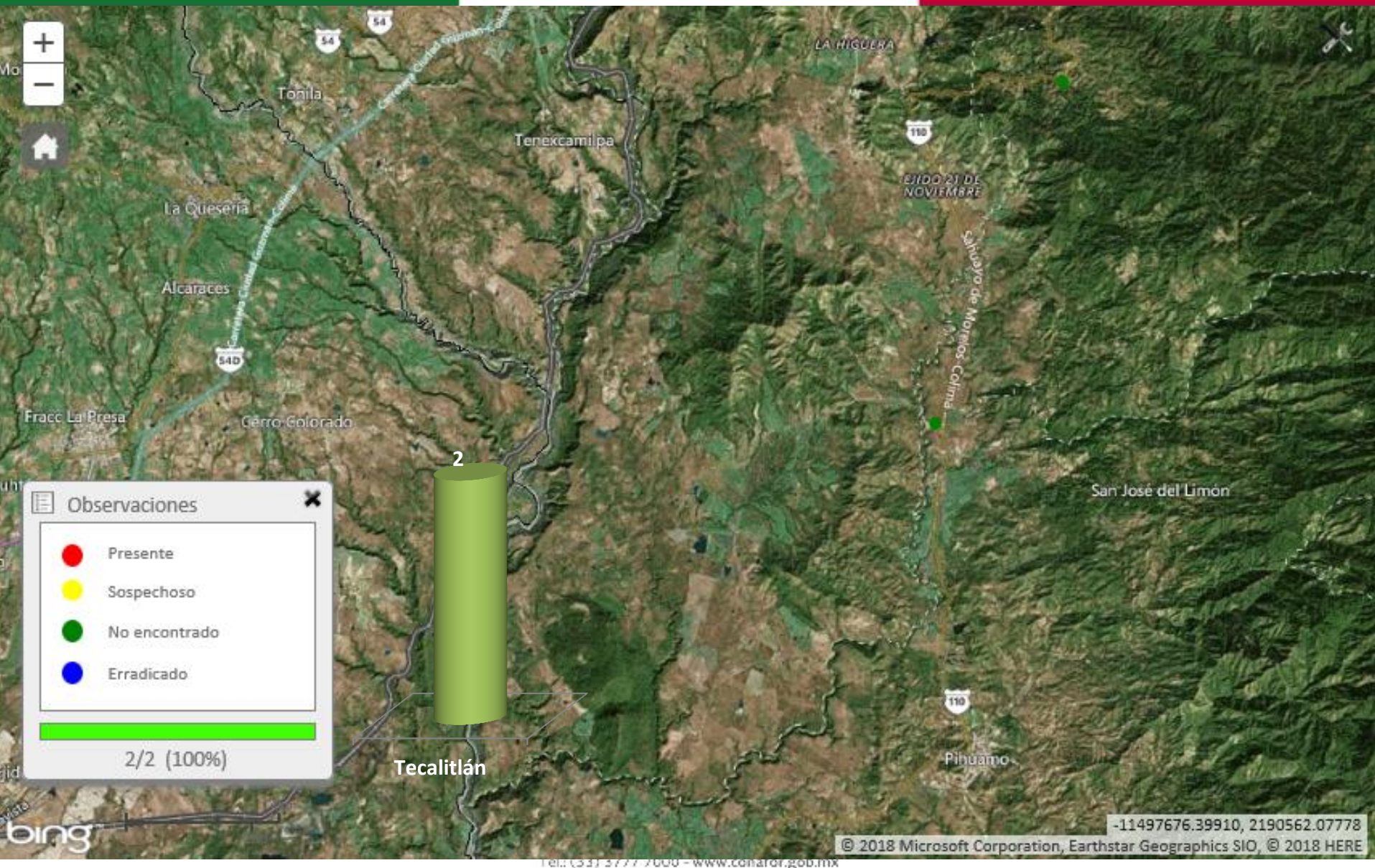
14/14 (100%)

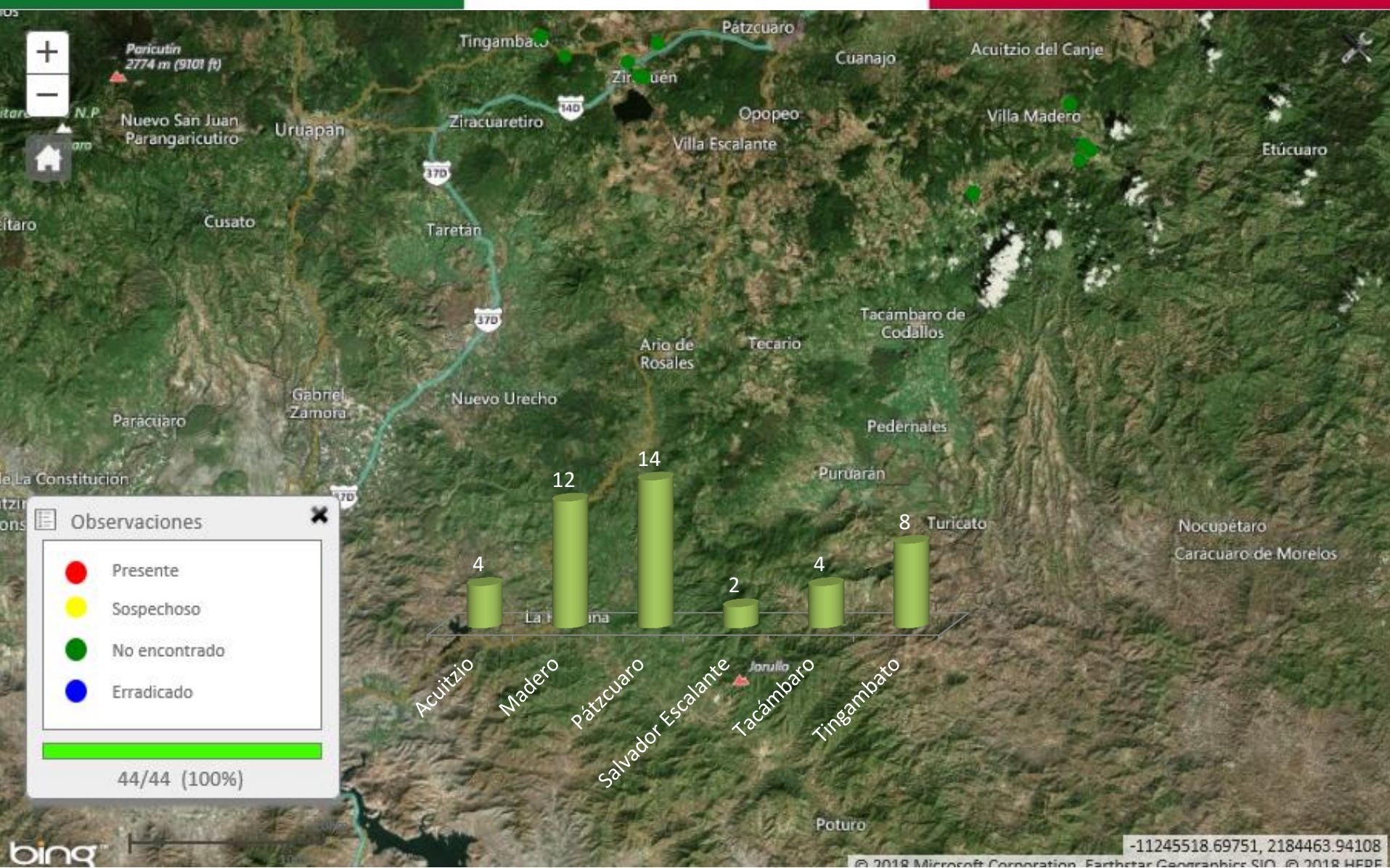


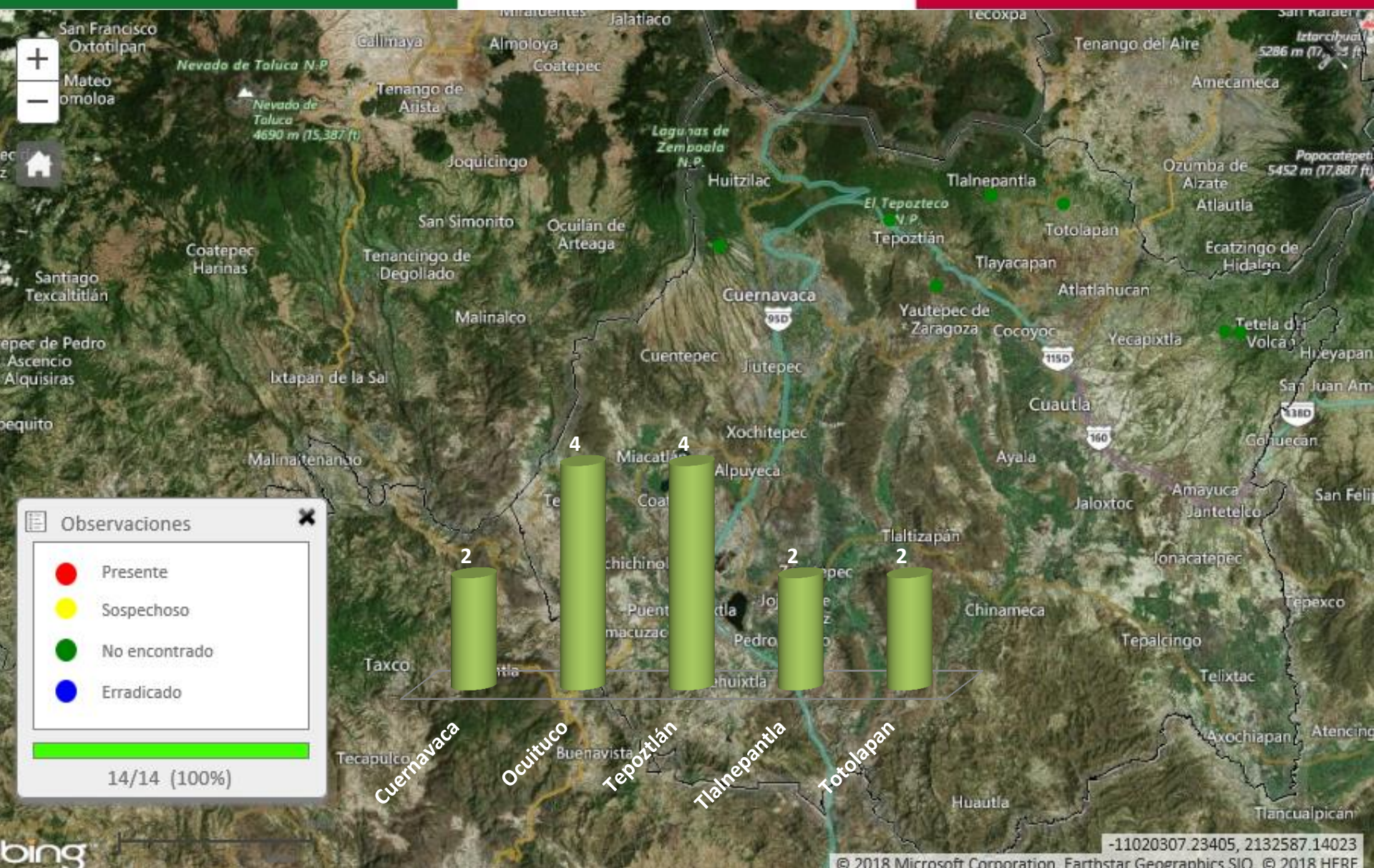


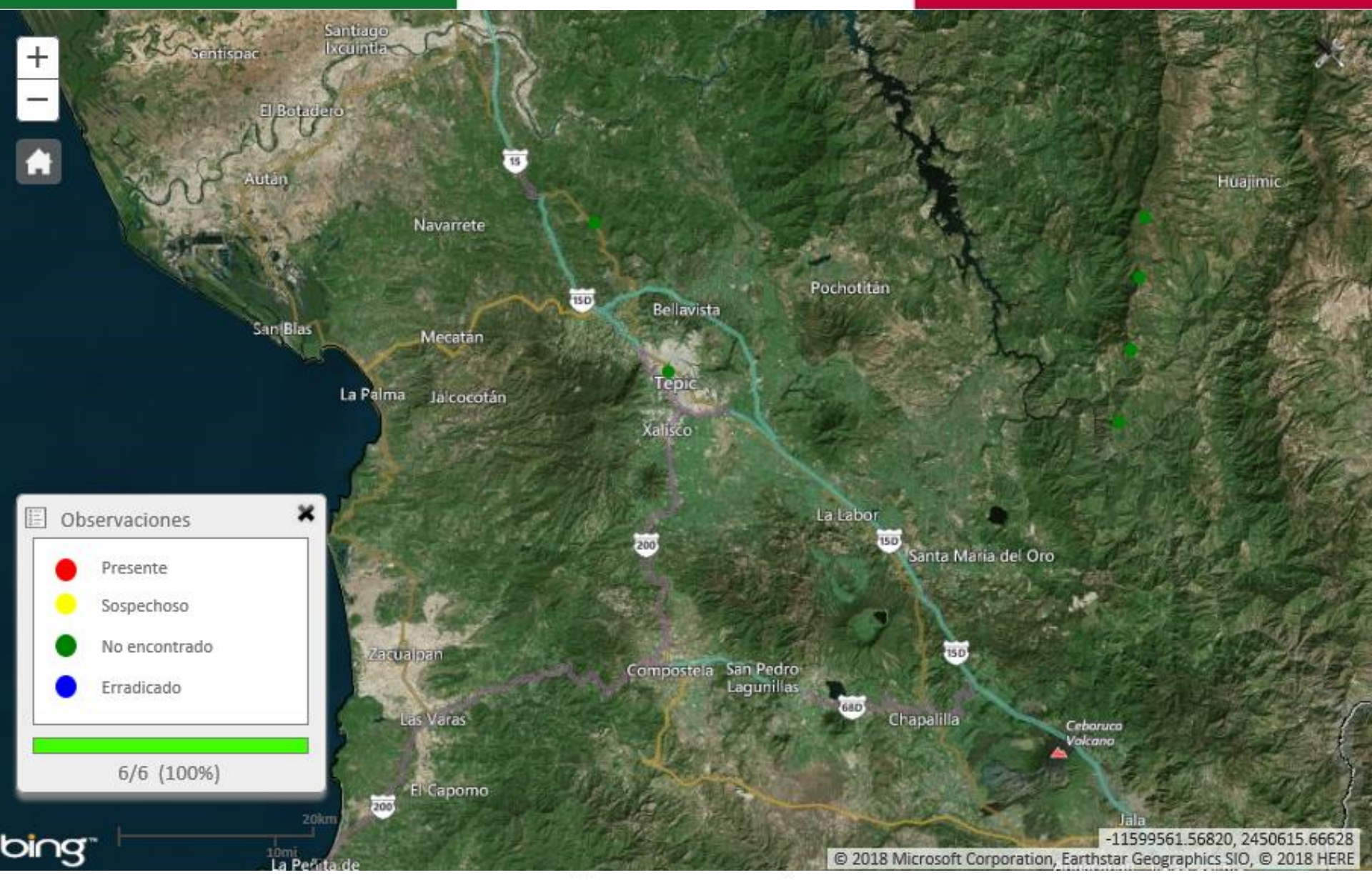


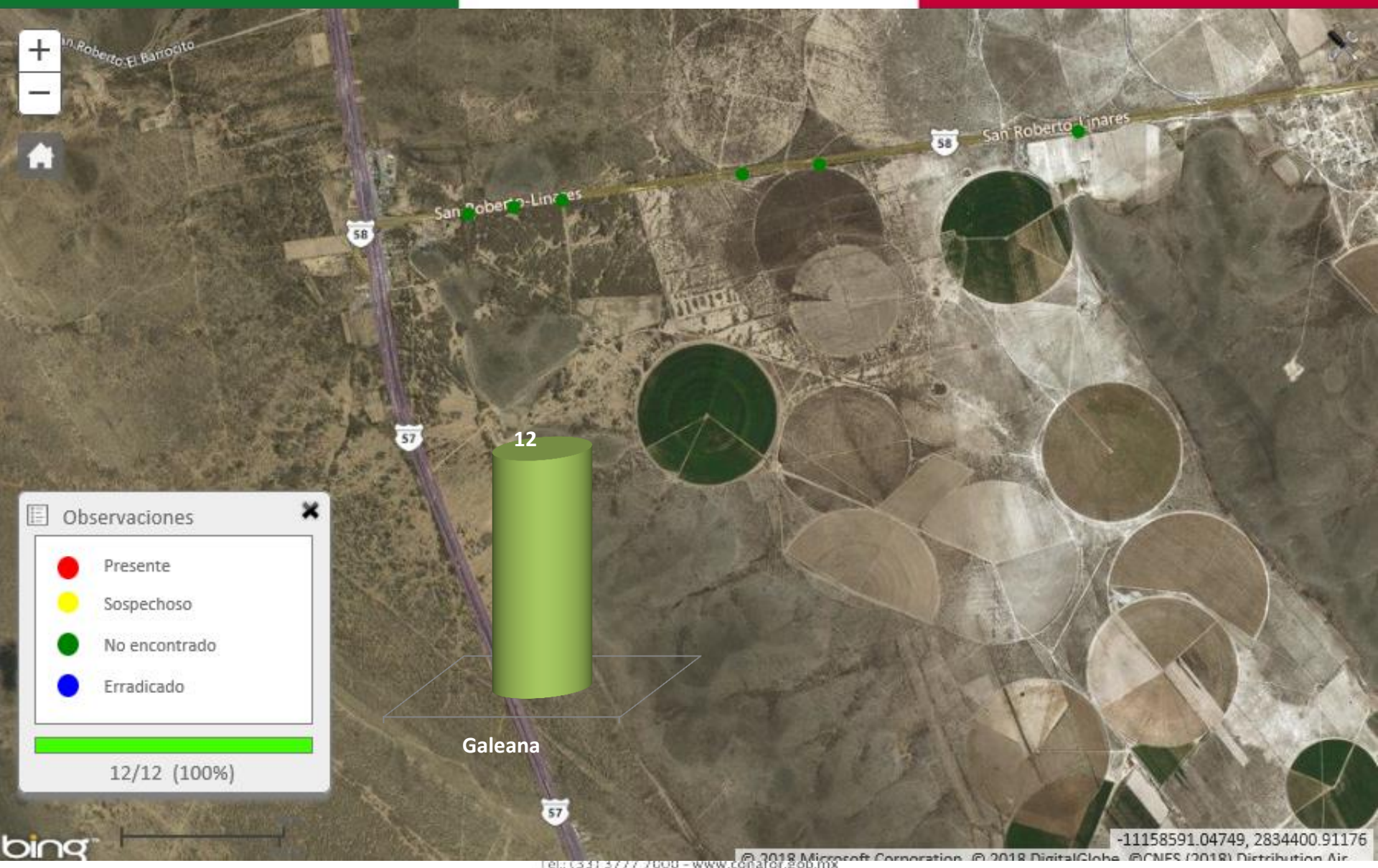


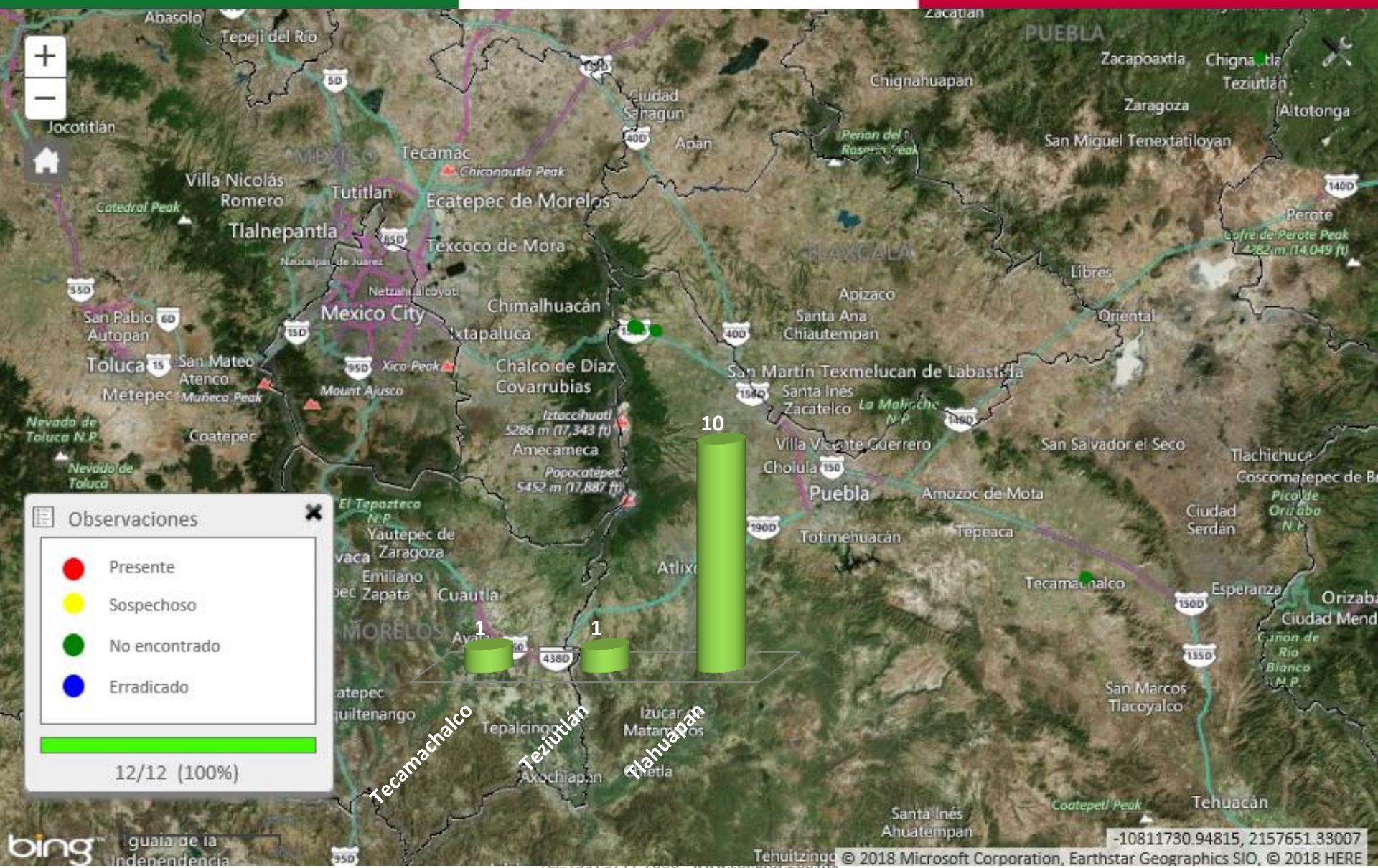


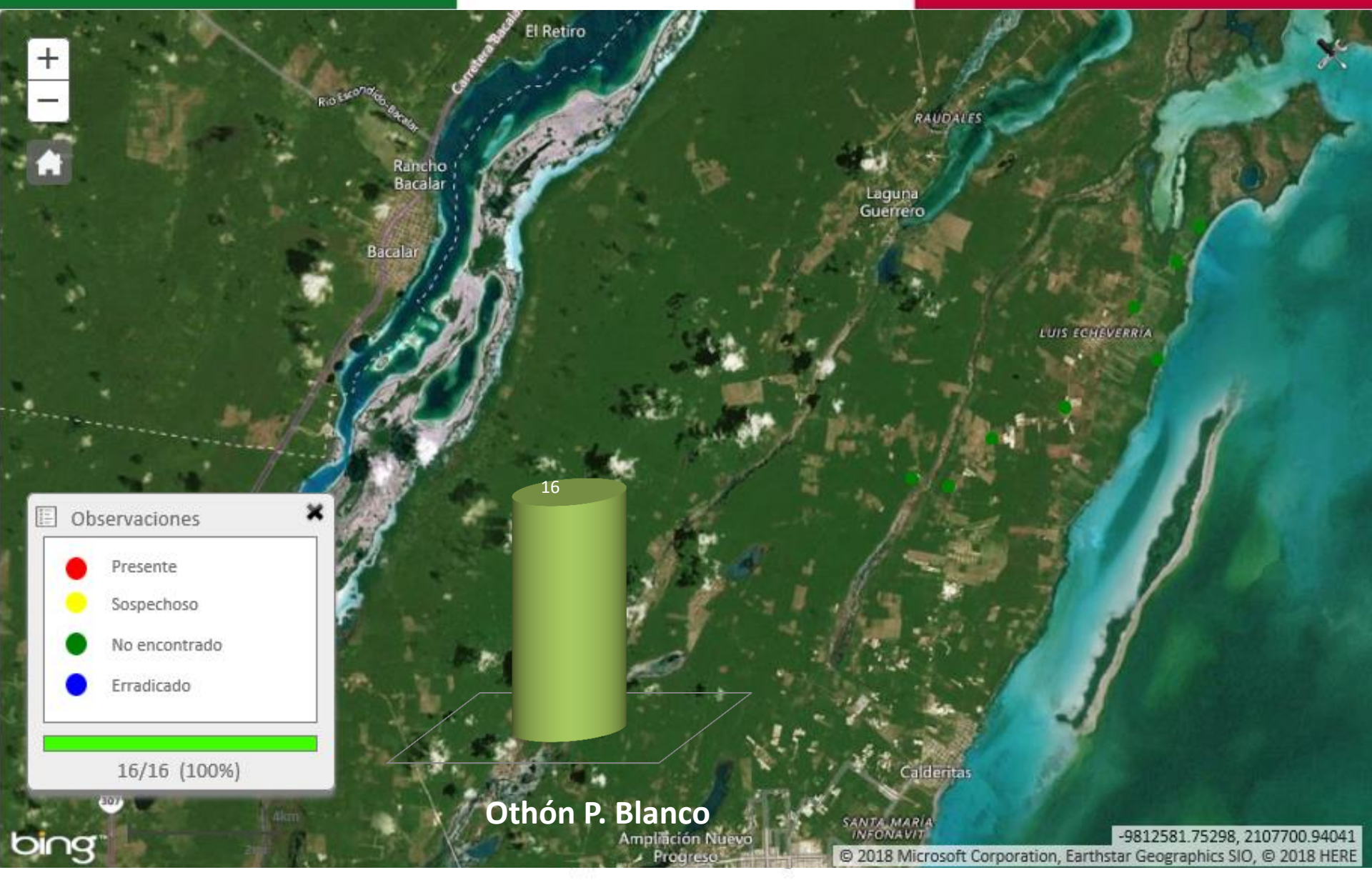


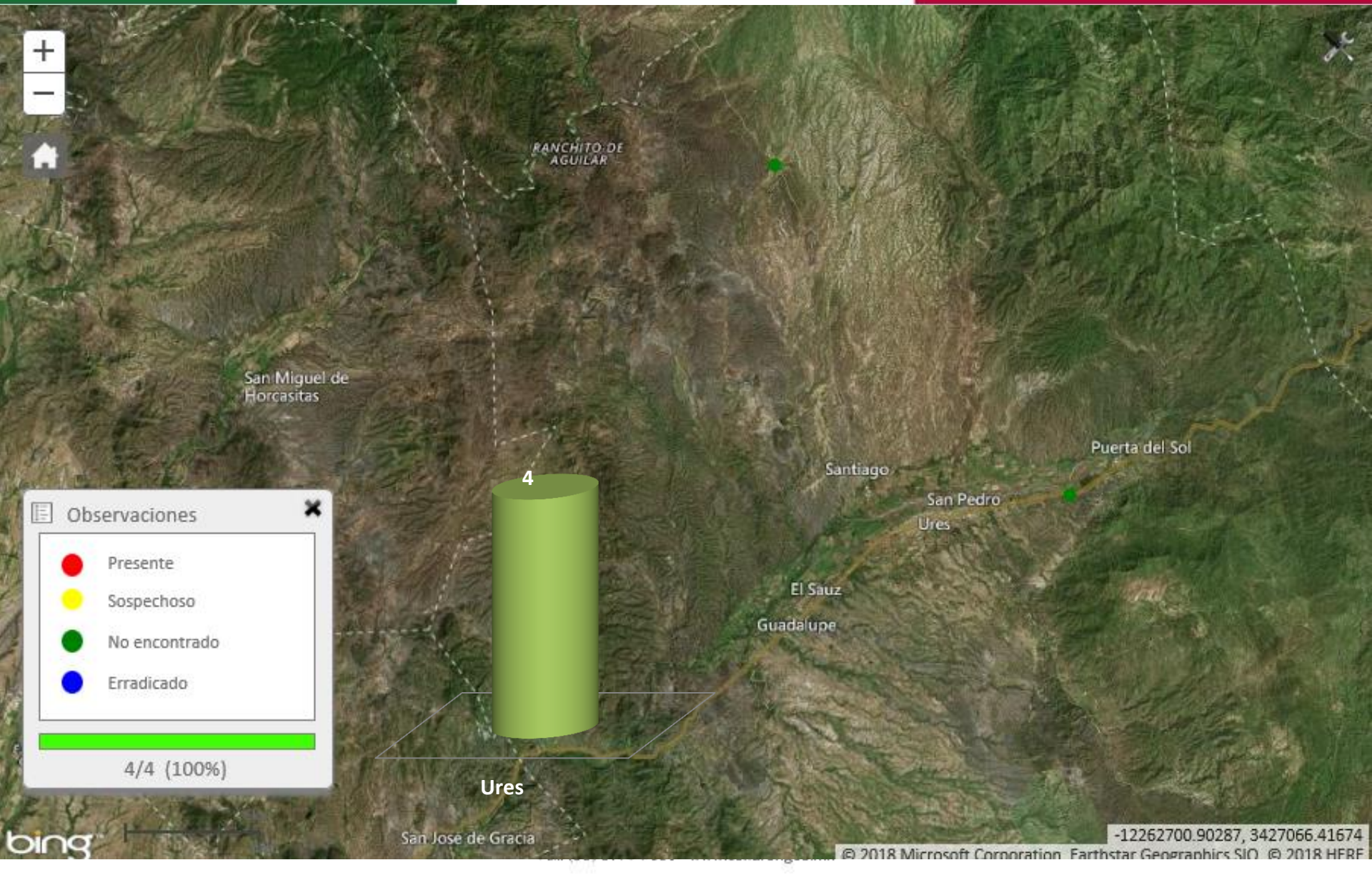








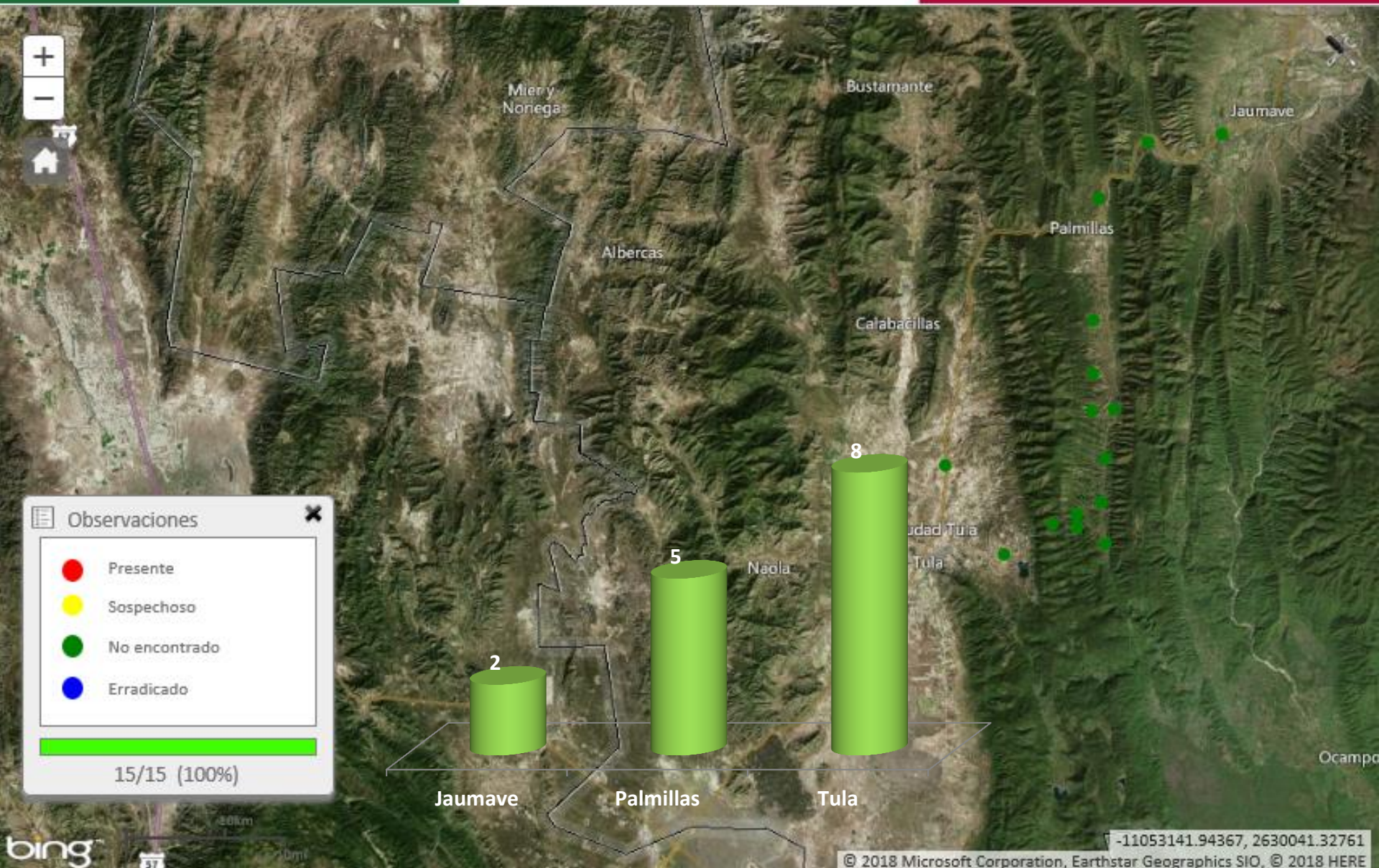




Observaciones

- Presente
- Sospechoso
- No encontrado
- Erradicado

4/4 (100%)





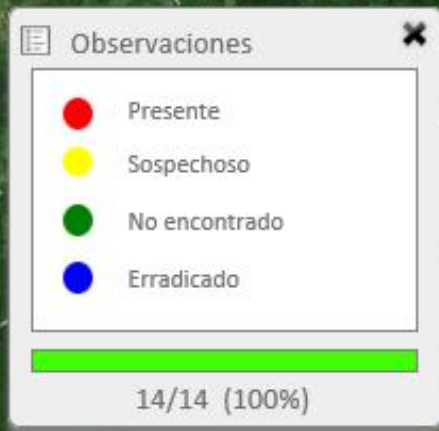
EJIDO EL TESORO



Poblado 10

HERMANOS CEDILLO

CAROLINO ANAYA

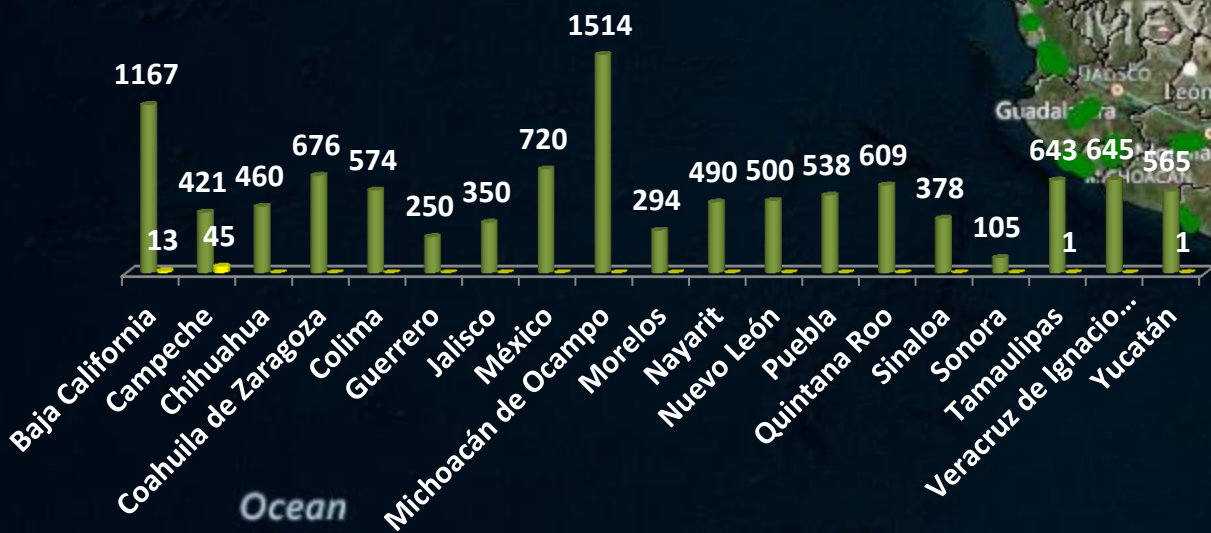


14

Uxpanapa

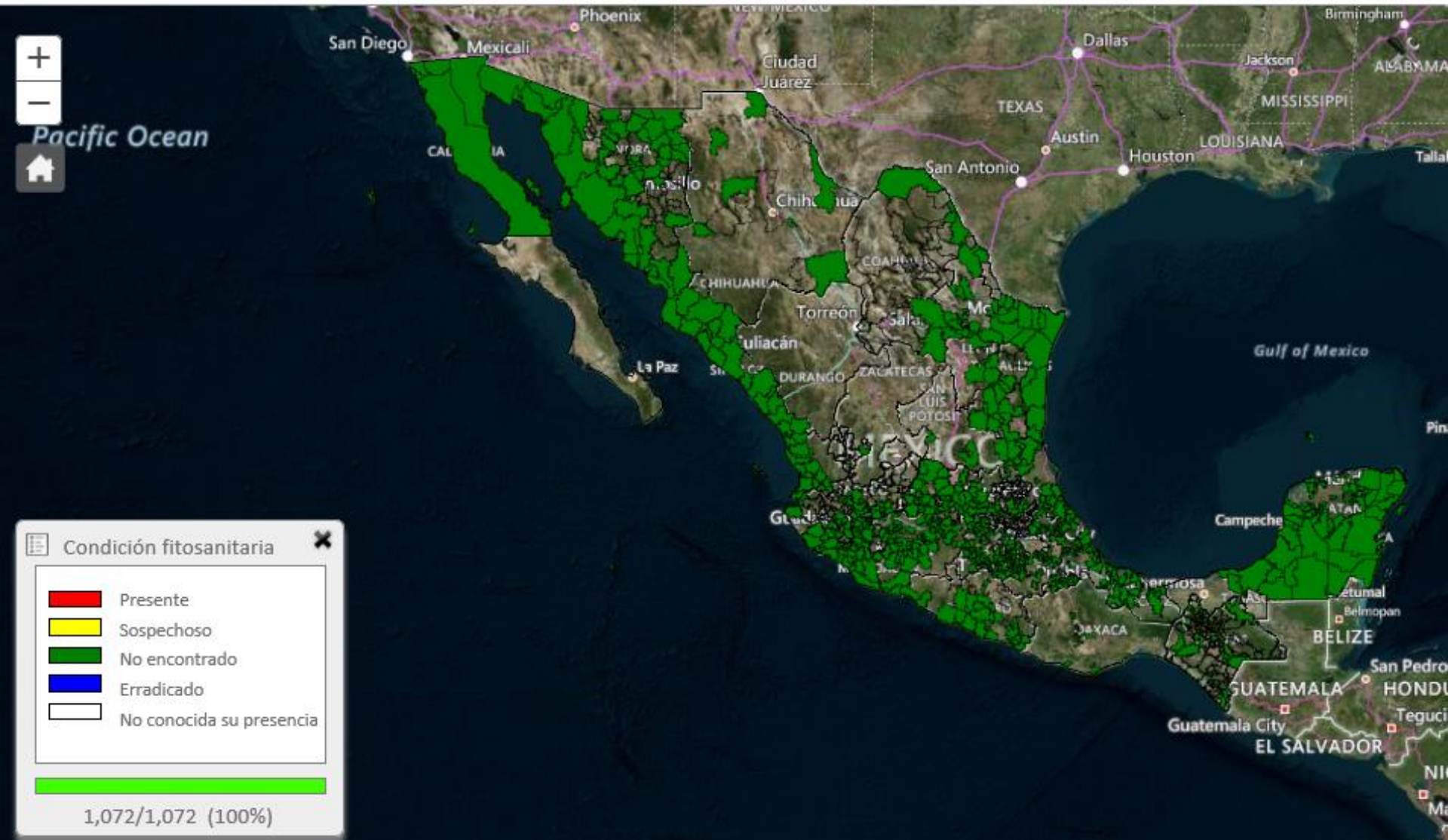


Observaciones totales:
10,899



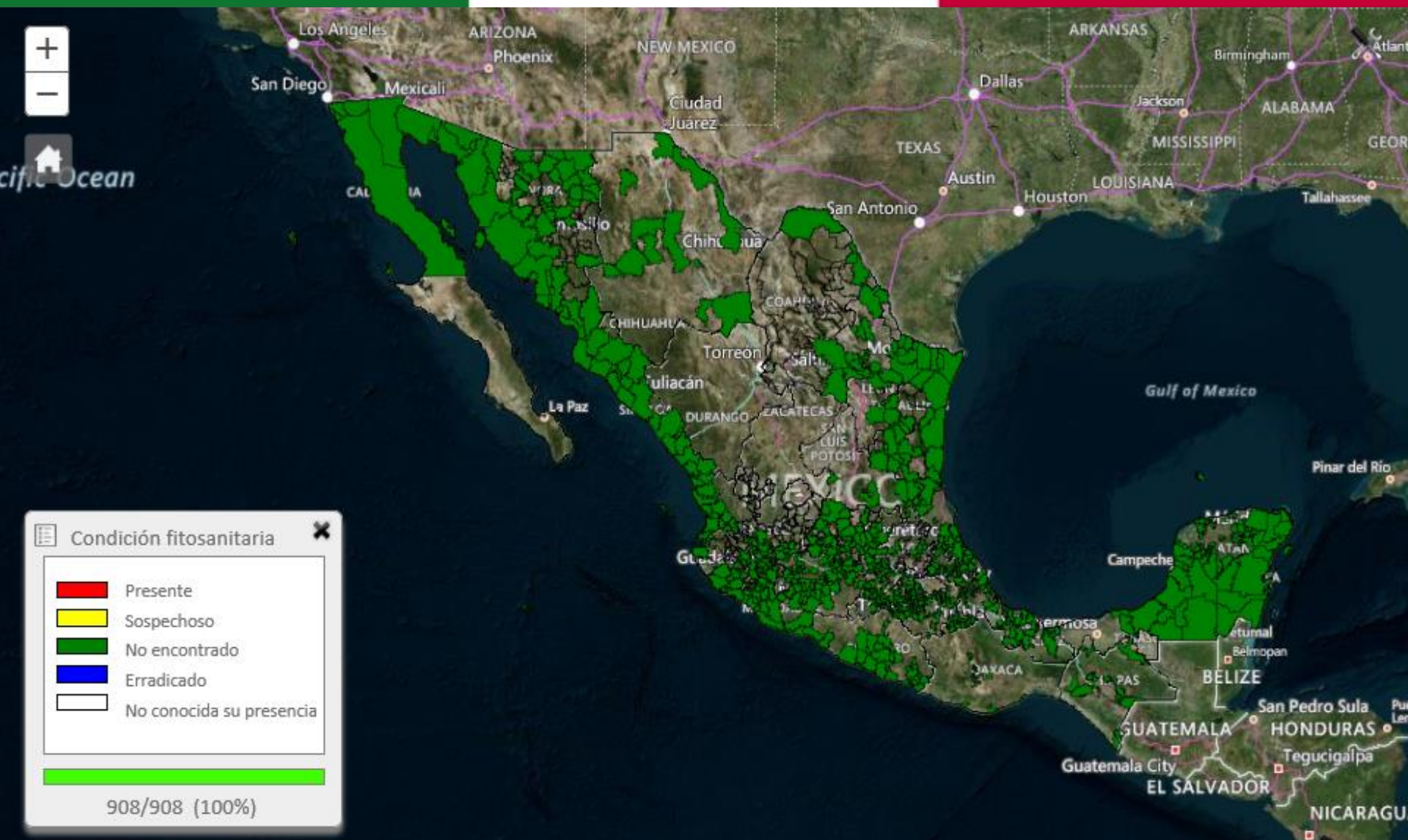
Ocean

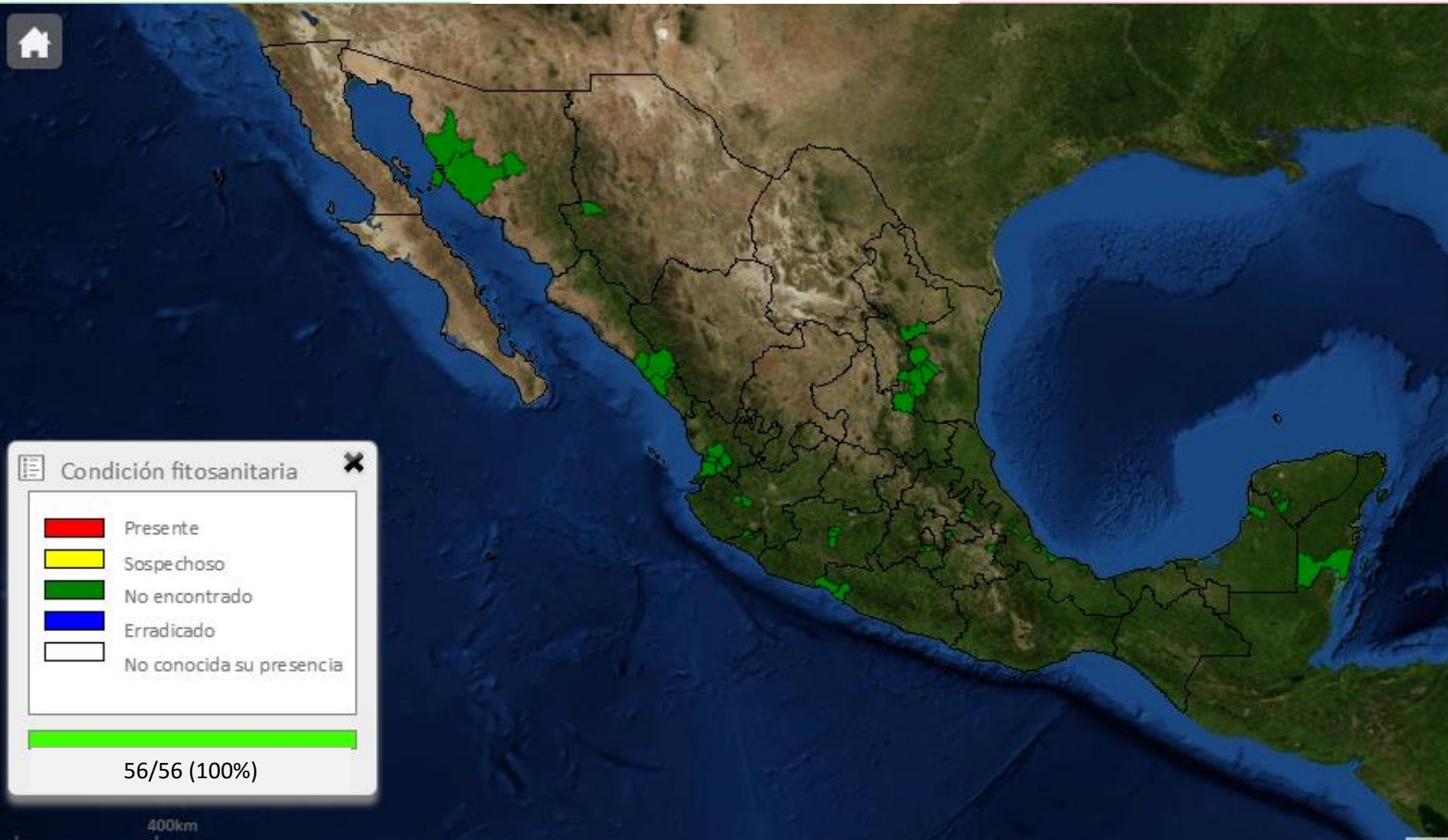
400km
300mi





En el periodo de vigilancia de escarabajos ambrosiales de Enero al 20 de Noviembre del año 2018, no se ha detectado sospecha de presencia de organismos afines a *Euwallacea* sp., en los municipios de los estados de Baja California, Chihuahua, Sonora, Nuevo León, Nayarit, Jalisco, Colima, Coahuila, Campeche, Michoacán, Guerrero, Estado de México, Morelos , Quintana Roo , Yucatán y Puebla .





En el periodo de vigilancia de escarabajos ambrosiales de Enero al 20 de Noviembre del año 2018, no se ha detectado sospecha de presencia de organismos afines a *Xyleborus glabratus*, en los municipios de los estados de Sonora, Chihuahua, Nuevo León, Tamaulipas, Veracruz, Nayarit, Jalisco, Colima, Coahuila, Campeche, Michoacán, Guerrero, Estado de México, Morelos , Quintana Roo , Yucatán y Puebla .